## **3M Thermally-Conductive Adhesive Transfer Tapes** 9882 • 9885 • 9890

#### **Technical Data**

#### April, 1999

(Supersedes April, 1998)

Product Description	9882	0.002 in. (0.05 mm) adhesive transfer tape.
	9885	0.005 in. (0.13 mm) adhesive transfer tape.
	9890	0.010 in. (0.25 mm) adhesive transfer tape.
	conduc sensitiv exceller	2882, 9885 and 9890 are 2, 5 and 10 mil versions, respectively, of thermally- tive adhesive transfer tape. They feature a ceramic-filled acrylic pressure- re adhesive film supported on a protective release liner. The tape yields an int combination of thermal conductivity, electrical insulation, adhesion (with ability) and ease of use in applications that do not require a heat cured adhesive.
		le applications ideas for the thermally conductive adhesive transfer tapes include g of ICs, packages, components and flex circuits to heat sinks.

Construction	Products	9882	9885	9890		
	Adhesive Resin Type:	Filled Acrylic	Filled Acrylic	Filled Acrylic		
	Adhesive Filler Type:	Ceramic	Ceramic	Ceramic		
	Release Liner:	Silicone Treated Polyester	Silicone Treated Polyester	Silicone Treated Polyester		
	Adhesive Thickness:	0.002 in. (0.05 mm)	0.005 in. (0.13 mm)	0.010 in. (0.25 mm)		
	Adhesive Thickness Tolerance:	0.0005 in. (0.013 mm)	0.0005 in. (0.013 mm)	0.0005 in. (0.013 mm)		
	Liner Thickness:	0.002 in. (0.05 mm)	0.002 in. (0.05 mm)	0.002 in. (0.05 mm)		
	• Thermally-conductive adhesive transfer tapes allow easy joining of many substrates with light pressure in just seconds at room temperature. Bonds are "permanent" with reworkability.					
	• Clamps and screws no longer needed in many applications, helping save processing time. (Certain applications, such as transistor mounting to vertical heat sinks may require mechanical backup.)					
	• Electrical insulation with high dielectric strength allows separate insulating films					

- Electrical insulation with high dielectric strength allows separate insulating films, washers, etc. to be eliminated in many applications.
- Transfer tape format means that there is no carrier layer instead a homogeneous film of adhesive is supported on the protective release liner. Absence of a carrier film allows better gap-filling between rigid parts. This improved contact results in higher bond strength and lower thermal resistance in the actual application.

General Information (continued)	<ul> <li>Extended cure times, high temperatures, fixturing, etc. required for use of liquid adhesives or bonding films (thermoset or thermoplastic) are eliminated with the tape.</li> <li>Bond strength builds over time (as the adhesive wetting of the substrate surfaces advances) to values often double the initial values.</li> </ul>				
	• Tape can be die cut or fashioned to n	neet specific ap	plications.		
Application Ideas	Bond together heat-generating and hea industrial components.	t-sinking (or se	ensing) electronic	and general-	
	Products	9882	9885	9890	
	Mounting flexible heating foils	<b>v</b>			
	Mounting temperature-indicating films	~			
	Bonding flex circuit to heat sink	~	~		
	Mounting thermoelectric cooling modules	✓	~	~	
	Bonding heat sink to microprocessor		~	~	
	Bonding TAB-mounted IC to PCB		~	~	
	Bonding power transistor to PCB			~	
	Bonding power transistor to heat sink*			<b>v</b>	
Typical Physical Properties and Performance Characteristics	Note: The following technical informati or typical only and should not be			d representativ	
Jnderwriters Laboratories™ Recognition:	File MH17478, Section QOQW2 Component - Polymeric Adhesive Systems, Electrical Equipment				
Thermal Conductivity: (ASTM C-177)	0.43 W/m-K (0.25 BTU/Ft. Hr. °F)				
Thermal Impedance:* (ASTM C-177)	-	Tape 9885 .5 C-in.²/W		<u>e 9890</u> C-in.²/W	
	*Calculated based on thermal conductivity measurement above. Assumes 100% adhesive contact in the bond area - see notes in Thermal Resistance below.				
Thermal Resistance:	Thermal resistance (°C/W) values deper application. While estimates can be mad the bond area, this exercise can produc cases an assembly with a thicker adhes than with the thinner one! The reason is measurements are usually taken on flat produce 100% adhesive contact in the b adhesive contact will depend on the flex or runout with respect to the thickness a (e.g., temperature, force, method, dwell	de by dividing th e an inaccurate ive film will perfo that thermal imp parts under idea bond area. In a g kibility of the part nd softness of th	e adhesive therma or even misleading orm with lower ther edance or thermal I assembly condition viven application the s bonded, and the e adhesive. Assen	I impedance b g result – in son mal resistance conductivity te ons in order to a percentage of ir non-planarity nbly conditions	

**Typical Physical** Note: The following technical information and data should be considered representative or typical only and should not be used for specification purposes. **Properties and** Performance **Characteristics** (continued) Shear Adhesion Strength:\* Dynamic (ASTM D-1002) Static (ASTM D-3654) 72°F (22°C) 70 lbs./in.2 (500 kPa) 1000 grams/(0.5 in.2) 158°F (70°C) 40 lbs./in.2 (300 kPa) 1000 grams/(0.5 in.<sup>2</sup>) (weight held for > 7 days) \*Shear strength test measurements are usually taken on flat parts under ideal assembly conditions. Performance in a given application will depend on the flexibility and nonplanarity of the parts in relation to the thickness and softness of adhesive chosen (gap-filling effect), and the assembly conditions (e.g., force, temperature, methods, dwell time) as this will affect the percentage of the bond area in which the adhesive is wetted to the substrates. Peel Adhesion Strenath: (ASTM D-3330) 90 degree angle peel test to substrates listed, using 5 mil (0.13) thick anodized aluminum foil backing. Dwell times given are storage conditions following assembly of the samples. Values in oz./in. width (multiply by 11 to convert to N/m). 72°F (23°C) dwell (5 min./72 hr.) 9882 tape 9885 tape 9890 tape Ceramic 25/40 40/75 45 / 80 Anodized Aluminum 70/85 90/110 110/150 150°F (70°C) dwell (5 min./72 hr.) Ceramic 25/65 45 / 120 50 / 120 Anodized Aluminum 70/85 90/115 110/150 Dielectric Strength: (ASTM D149) 750 Volts (AC) / mil thickness (30 kV/mm) **Dielectric Properties: Dielectric Constant: Dissipation Factor:** (ASTM D150) 1 kHz 0.003 6 5 1 MHz 0.003 Volume Resistivity 2 x 10<sup>14</sup> Ohm-cm (ASTM D-257) Outgassing: (NASA SP-R-0022 or ASTM E-595) 257°F (125°C), 24 hrs. in 2 x 10-6 Torr vacuum Total Mass Loss (TML) 0.7% Collected Volatile Condensable Materials (CVCM) 0.01% Elastic Modulus: Dynamic/mechanical analysis, 6 rad/sec oscillation. (ASTM D4065) -67°F (-55°C) 72°F (23°C) 220°F (100°C) 300°F (150°C) 572°F (300°C) 10<sup>9</sup> 106 105 10<sup>5</sup> 10<sup>5</sup> Pascals (Pa) Coefficient of Thermal Expansion (CTE): -67°F (-55°C) 250 ppm/°C (ASTM D3386) 72°F to 302°F (23°C to 150°C) 400 ppm/°C Specific Gravity: 2 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

### **3M<sup>TM</sup> Thermally-Conductive Adhesive Transfer Tapes**

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Typical Physical Properties and Performance Characteristics (continued)	Note: The following technical information and data should be considered representative or typical only and should not be used for specification purposes.		
Operating Temperature Range:	Assumes well-bonded parts assembled at 72°F (23°C)		
Short Term (seconds-minutes)	-67°F†/500°F (-55°C†/260°C)		
Long Term*	-31°F†/194°F (-35°C†/90°C)		
	*Based on UL746C testing of the retention of dynamic shear strength. Actual limits may be design dependent. For more details, request 3M publication 70-0704-8798-1, "Notes on System Design and Performance".		
	†Cold temperatures may cause temporary increase in elastic and storage modulus, making the adhesive stiffer, less able to compensate stress due to substrates having mismatched CTE's and less resistant to mechanical shock.		
Solvent Resistance:	Well-bonded parts are usually able to withstand typical cleaning operations (aqueous or solvent) with little detrimental effect. Be sure to evaluate solvent resistance for your particular application.		
Shelf Life:	24 months from date of manufacture when stored in original cartons at 70°F (21°C) and 50% relative humidity.		

Available Sizes	Products	9882	9885	9890
	Available Lengths:	24 uda		
	Standard	36 yds. (32.9 m)	36 yds. (32.9 m)	36 yds. (32.9 m)
	Maximum 3/8 in. to 1 in. wide	144 vdc	144 vdc	144 ydc
	9.5 mm to 25.4 mm	144 yds. (131.6 m)	144 yds. (131.6 m)	144 yds. (131.6 m)
	>1 in. to 9 in. wide	360 yds.	216 yds.	144 yds.
	>25.4 mm to 229 mm	(329 m)	(197.4 m)	(131.6 m)
	>9 in. to 14 in. wide >229 mm to 356 mm	288 yds. (263.2 m)	180 yds. (164.5 m)	72 yds. (65.8 m)
	Available Widths:			
	Minimum	3/8 in. (9.5 mm)	3/8 in. (9.5 mm)	3/8 in. (9.5 mm)
	Maximum	14 in. (356 mm)	14 in. (356 mm)	14 in. (356 mm)
	Normal Slitting Tolerance:		± 1/32 in ± 0.031 in. (± 0.8 mm)	

Application Techniques/ Optimization	(For additional technical information, request 3M publication 70-0704-8798-1, "Not on System Design and Performance".)
	1. Thermally-conductive adhesive transfer tape is a homogeneous film of adhesive supported on a protective release liner. Do not remove this release liner prior to application of the tape to one of the substrate surfaces, as the transfer adhesive tape is not intended to be handled as a free-standing film.
	2. Metals prone to forming loosely bound oxides or rusting, such as copper, may require treatment to passivate them (metal plating or plastic films, lacquers, etc.) prior to application of the tape.
	3. Substrate surfaces should be clean and dry prior to application. Isopropyl alcoho (isopropanol) taken from a clean, previously-unused container and applied with a lint-free wiper or swab should be adequate for removal of most finger print oils, dust, etc. Do not use "denatured alcohol" or glass cleaners which often contain oi mineral spirits. A couple of minutes drying time for the alcohol should be allowed
	More aggressive solvents (such as acetone) may be required to remove heavier contamination (grease, machining oils, solder flux – including "no-clean" solder flux) and should be followed with final isopropanol wipe.
	Some plastic-molded electronic components can be heavily contaminated with silicone mold-release agents and may need abrasive cleaning (e.g., $3M^{TM}$ Scotch-Brite <sup>TM</sup> pad) and/or priming (e.g., $3M^{TM}$ Tape Primer 94) to make them amenable to the tape.
	Do not touch fingers to the exposed adhesive, as this may deposit oils or create wrinkles.
	<b>Note:</b> Carefully read and follow the manufacturer's precautions and directions f use when using cleaning or primer solvents.
	4. With the release liner in place, apply tape to one of the surfaces to be bonded in a manner that will avoid air entrapment. A roller is often helpful. The temperature of the tape and substrates should not be less than 60°F (16°C) as this will stiffen the adhesive and be detrimental to proper contact between adhesive and substrates
	5. Trim excess tape if necessary (or use die-cut or fabricated parts).
	6. Remove release liner to expose second face of adhesive.
	7. Align second substrate over exposed adhesive and press the two parts together (ouse a roller if one of the substrates is flexible) for a few seconds. Optimal therma and mechanical results will be obtained when the adhesive wets 100% of the surfaces of both substrates. The pressure and time necessary to achieve this will depend on the roughness, non-planarity and stiffness of the substrates in relation to the thickness of the adhesive chosen. Methods of force application such as sequentially pressing for a short time in several places, or heating the parts and adhesives to 158°F-212°F (70°C-100°C) can help reduce the force or assembly time required to achieve the same degree of contact. Experiment with assembly methods by bonding parts to a flat glass plate and inspecting through the reverse side of the glass for air entrapment under the adhesive.
	8. Reworking the bond: mechanically separate the parts, using torque for rigid parts and peel for flexible ones. Remove the adhesive by rubbing it off, or lifting it off with 3M <sup>TM</sup> Box Sealing Tape 375. Clean up the site and apply new adhesive. The force needed to separate the parts and/or remove the adhesive can be reduced by softening the adhesive by heating 158°F-212°F (70°C-100°C) or using solvents such as acetone.

**Note:** Carefully read and follow the manufacturer's precautions and directions for use when using solvents.

Certification/ Recognition	<b>MSDS:</b> 3M has not prepared a MSDS for this product which is not subject to the MSDS requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 C.F.R. 1910.1200(b)(6)(v). When used under reasonable conditions or in accordance with the 3M directions for use, the product should not present a health and safety hazard. However, use or processing of the product in a manner not in accordance with the directions for use may affect its performance and present potential health and safety hazards.	
	<b>TSCA:</b> This product is defined as an article under the Toxic Substances Control Act and therefore, it is exempt from inventory listing requirements.	
Suggested Application Equipment	<b>Note:</b> Appropriate application equipment can enhance use of tape. 3M offers technical assistance in methods of application for evaluation in the user's particular purpose. Contact your local 3M Sales Representative.	
For Additional Information	To request additional product information or to arrange for sales assistance, call toll free 1-800-362-3550. Address correspondence to: 3M Bonding Systems Division, 3M Center, Building 220-7E-01, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000. Our fax number is 651-733-9175. In Canada, phone: 1-800-364-3577. In Puerto Rico, phone: 1-809-750-3000. In Mexico, phone: 5-728-2180.	
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